

Solution Channel

For Resolution of Employment-Based Legal Disputes

PROGRAM GUIDELINES



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Our Employment Philosophy

CHARTER STRIVES TO CREATE A POSITIVE WORK EXPERIENCE FOR ALL EMPLOYEES

Charter recruits and hires top talent. To retain and develop that talent, Charter believes that work should be a positive experience, where employees are treated fairly, respectfully, honestly, professionally, and with integrity.

EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES AT CHARTER ARE EQUAL AND FAIR

Charter has a long-standing practice and policy of offering equal opportunities to all employees and applicants for employment without regard to race, color, sex, pregnancy, age, religion, creed, physical or mental disability status, medical condition, genetic information, national origin, nationality, ancestry, citizenship status, veteran status, military status, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, marital status, domestic partner status, or any other basis protected by law. This practice and policy applies to every aspect of employment, including recruitment, hiring, promotion, compensation, transfers, layoffs, terminations, Charter-sponsored training, education, tuition assistance, benefits and all other employment decisions. Additionally, Charter complies fully with all local, state, and federal employment laws prohibiting discrimination, harassment, and retaliation in the workplace.

INCLUSION IN THE WORKPLACE IS A PRIORITY AT CHARTER

Recognizing the value of a diverse workforce, Charter takes affirmative steps to create a work environment that is inclusive, welcoming, and supportive of individuals from different backgrounds and cultures. The value we place on these individual differences demonstrates Charter's commitment to treating employees respectfully and acknowledging their contributions to the organization's overall success.

CHARTER PROMOTES AN ENVIRONMENT OF OPEN COMMUNICATION IN THE WORKPLACE

Charter maintains an Open Door Policy, which encourages employees to raise concerns, issues, questions, and ideas with their leadership and human resources teams. The primary goals of the Open Door Policy are to promptly resolve workplace issues, create a receptive environment in which ideas can be shared and provide a way to express concerns.

Employees who use the Open Door Policy in a professional and appropriate manner will never be penalized or retaliated against for doing so.

Charter is an equal opportunity employer. Discrimination, harassment, and retaliation are not tolerated at Charter. Our diverse workforce shows Charter's commitment to embracing and supporting individual and cultural differences.

Dealing with Conflict in the Workplace

CHARTER HAS CREATED A WELCOME AND PRODUCTIVE CULTURE

A work environment in which employees feel welcome and valued leads to a more productive and dedicated workforce. A productive and dedicated workforce leads to exceptional service, which is reflected in our customers' satisfaction with and loyalty to Charter. Because Charter's success is ultimately dependent upon a positive workplace culture and employee experience, we strive each day to preserve that culture and experience.

CHARTER EMPLOYEES ARE EXPECTED TO ACT PROFESSIONALLY AND WITH INTEGRITY

Charter takes pride in its professional and congenial work environment. In our efforts to safeguard a workplace in which employees can thrive, every Charter employee is expected to follow Charter's Professional Conduct Policy and Code of Conduct. This means that employees must treat others respectfully, perform their job duties and assignments with integrity, accept responsibility for their actions, maintain honesty in all business interactions, and comply fully with applicable laws.

REPORTING A WORKPLACE CONFLICT

We understand that conflicts may sometimes arise at work. An employee who has a work-related concern or issue is strongly encouraged to promptly bring the matter to the attention of his or her leader or a human resources representative. When issues and concerns are addressed at the outset, it minimizes the disruption in the workplace, and helps to allow for resolution while employees remain focused on providing quality service to customers.

Conflict and disharmony in the workplace are taken seriously at Charter. Appropriate complaints that are brought to the attention of Charter's leadership or human resources team will be investigated. While we cannot guarantee that the outcome of an investigation will be satisfactory to everyone, we can promise that the investigation will be thorough and unbiased, that any action taken will be lawful, and that the individuals affected will be treated with respect and dignity.

Charter employees work in an environment in which they are not only permitted, but are encouraged, to speak up about issues and concerns when they first surface. Charter believes that the timely and appropriate resolution of workplace conflict results in a more productive workforce, dedicated to providing superior customer service.

REPORTS OF VIOLATIONS OF CHARTER'S CODE OF CONDUCT MAY BE SUBMITTED THROUGH CHARTER'S ETHICS AND COMPLIANCE HOTLINE

In those rare instances where an individual believes there has been a violation of Charter's Code of Conduct that cannot be reported through normal channels, Charter maintains an ethics and compliance hotline referred to as EthicsPoint. Reports can be submitted at www.EthicsPoint.com or by calling 866.384.4277. Charter's policy prohibiting retaliation extends to those who submit a report using EthicsPoint.

CHARTER'S POLICY AND CODE OF CONDUCT PROHIBIT RETALIATION

Charter is steadfast in its belief that no employee should be in fear of reprisals for bringing a complaint, encouraging or aiding another person to report a concern, or cooperating during an investigation. Charter's policy prohibiting retaliation in any form and of any kind is strictly enforced as to all employees. This means that no employee will be discharged, disciplined, denied a promotion, demoted, assigned to an unfavorable work shift and/or location, targeted by a leader, or otherwise treated unfairly in retaliation for complaining about an issue, encouraging or aiding another person to complain, or cooperating during an investigation.

Charter's Code of Conduct impresses upon employees the importance of acting and treating others professionally, with integrity, honestly, lawfully, and respectfully. Charter's continued success hinges upon employees' adherence to the highest ethical standards in their day-to-day business activities.

The Channel for Resolution of Employment-Related Legal Disputes

CHARTER'S SOLUTION CHANNEL

With an emphasis on fostering a positive work environment where open communication is encouraged, Charter is confident that the vast majority of workplace conflicts will be appropriately resolved through less formal channels. However, we also recognize that there may be some employment-based disputes that are best addressed through a more structured and formal resolution process.

[Solution Channel](#) is a dispute resolution alternative developed by Charter. [Solution Channel](#) is the means by which a current employee, a former employee, an applicant for employment, or Charter can efficiently and privately resolve covered employment-based legal disputes. [Solution Channel](#) provides a number of tangible benefits:

Benefits of Solution Channel



Solution Channel is not intended to be a substitute for the manner in which routine conflicts, concerns, and issues in the workplace are handled. **Solution Channel** is reserved for the resolution of certain legal disputes that arise in the course of the pre-employment and employment relationship.

Contract workers assigned to provide services to Charter or Charter customers are not eligible to participate in **Solution Channel**.

SOLUTION CHANNEL AT A GLANCE

The process involves multiple steps, any of which may result in resolution of the dispute. If necessary, the last step is final and binding arbitration of the dispute. An overview of the rules and the dispute resolution process follows.

While Charter believes that nearly all workplace disputes can be resolved through Charter's Open Door Policy and other informal avenues, **Solution Channel** affords an efficient and less costly way to resolve those issues that are better resolved through a more formal process.

GENERAL RULES

1. Unless there is an agreement to the contrary, **Solution Channel** is the exclusive means of resolving employment-related legal disputes that are covered under this Program.
2. With limited exceptions, participation in **Solution Channel** is a condition of consideration for employment with Charter, and a condition of working at Charter.
3. Upon implementation of **Solution Channel**, current employees will be provided a 30-day opt-out period. Those employees will be covered by **Solution Channel** unless they opt out. Those employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement or other employment agreement are excluded from **Solution Channel** unless expressly allowed under those agreements (although nothing in this document shall limit the applicability of any arbitration or other dispute resolution provision contained in those agreements).
4. Applicants who choose to be considered for employment with Charter are required to accept Charter's Mutual Arbitration Agreement.

5. By participating in [Solution Channel](#), the right (a) of a current or former employee or applicant to initiate or pursue a covered claim against Charter or for Charter to initiate or pursue a covered claim against a current or former employee or applicant acting in the scope of employment in a court of law or equity is waived; (b) to have a covered claim heard by a court, judge, or jury is waived; and (c) to bring or pursue a covered claim as a representative or member of a class, collective, or representation action is waived.
6. Participation in [Solution Channel](#) does not bar a claimant from filing or pursuing a charge or complaint with a government agency. However, either party may choose to request that the government agency defer its investigation or processing of the charge or complaint pending the outcome of the dispute through [Solution Channel](#).
7. A claim must be submitted to [Solution Channel](#) within the time period established by the applicable statute of limitations.
8. A submitted claim may be amended to clarify, add or remove information or allegations and related claims. A claim may not be amended later than the day of the informal conference with the arbitrator.
9. A respondent to a claim may submit a counterclaim (or claim against the other party), that will be reviewed and/or arbitrated with the original claim.
10. Absent extraordinary circumstances, any claim submitted through [Solution Channel](#) will generally be resolved within one year.
11. Should a covered claim proceed to arbitration, the American Arbitration Association (AAA) will be the administrator of the claim. Charter will pay the AAA administrative fees and the arbitrator's fees and expenses. All other costs, fees and expenses associated with the arbitration, including without limitation each party's attorneys' fees, will be borne by the party incurring the costs, fees and expenses.
12. The arbitrator will apply the burdens of proof and law applicable to the claim, had the claim been brought in court.
13. At the discretion of the arbitrator, the prevailing party may recover any remedy that the party would have been allowed to recover had the dispute been brought in court.
14. Questions, concerns, or comments related to [Solution Channel](#) should be directed to SolutionChannel@charter.com.

Charter believes that Solution Channel is the best way to resolve covered employment-related legal disputes. In an effort to ensure you and Charter benefit from this Program, Charter will absorb most of the administrative costs of arbitration if a claimant decides to arbitrate a covered claim.

INITIATING A CLAIM

1. A claimant (an eligible current employee, former employee, applicant for employment, or Charter) will use a dedicated web-based portal to electronically submit a claim.
2. The claim should describe in detail the nature of the dispute, the date of and persons involved in the alleged misconduct or violation, and the remedy requested.
3. Once the claim is submitted, an automated email response will be sent to the claimant, confirming submission of the claim.

All covered claims must be timely submitted as required under the Program.

All covered claims must be timely submitted as required under the Program in order to be considered. Untimely claims will not be internally reviewed or arbitrated through [Solution Channel](#).

INTERNAL CLAIM REVIEW

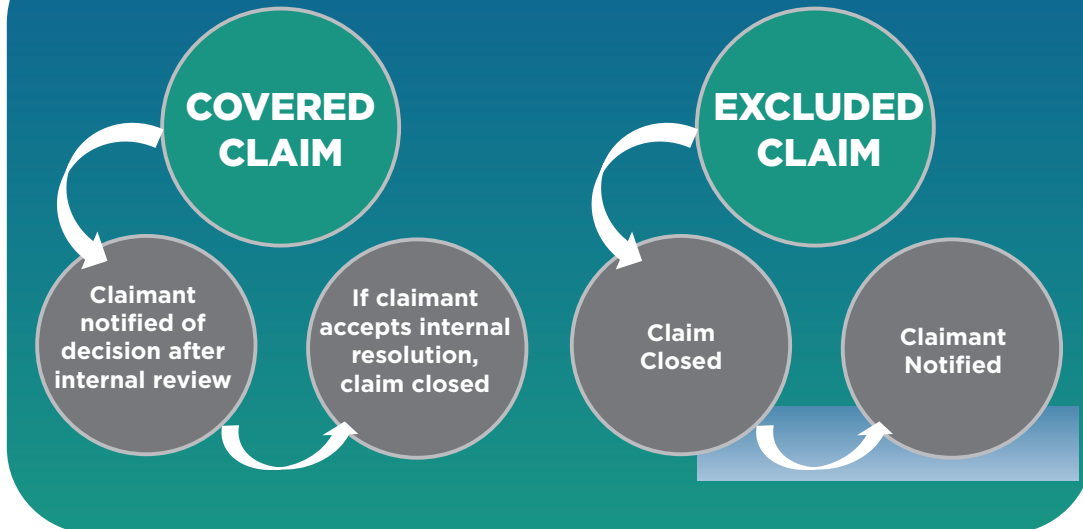
1. Upon receipt, the claim will be reviewed to determine whether the claim is covered by [Solution Channel](#).
2. If the claim is not covered, the claimant will be notified by email and the claim may be referred to Employee Relations, EthicsPoint, or closed.
3. If the claim is covered, there will be further review of the claim by Charter.
4. A summary of Charter's decision following its review will be emailed to the claimant.
5. The claimant will notify Charter by email whether he or she wishes to proceed to arbitration.

ARBITRATING A DISPUTE

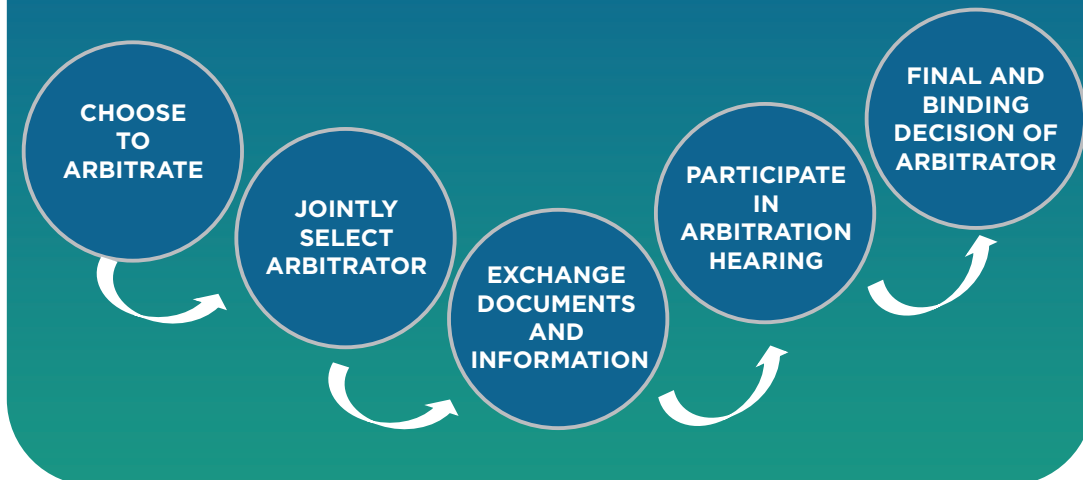
1. Once a party is notified of a claimant's desire to proceed to arbitration to resolve the dispute, the AAA will be notified by Charter and an arbitrator will be jointly selected by the parties.
2. The parties will meet telephonically with the arbitrator to schedule a mutually convenient date, time, and place for the arbitration hearing.
3. Prior to the scheduled hearing, the parties will engage in discovery or the exchange of information, which may include answering written questions (interrogatories), exchanging documents, and taking the deposition testimony of witnesses.
4. An evidentiary hearing will be held at which witnesses will be asked to testify under oath. A hearing may be waived only by agreement of both parties.
5. Following the hearing, the arbitrator will issue a final and binding written decision.

What Happens After a Claim Is Submitted?

The Claim is Reviewed Internally



A Claimant May Choose to Arbitrate



What You Need to Know About Solution Channel

RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

As participants in [Solution Channel](#), you and Charter have a right to:

- A hearing and decision by a neutral arbitrator on a covered legal claim, if the claim is not resolved informally
- Representation by an attorney at each party's own expense
- Resolution of a covered legal claim generally within a year of a claim being filed
- Damages or other remedies allowed by law, as deemed appropriate by the arbitrator

You and Charter are responsible for:

- Meeting all Program deadlines
- Participating in [Solution Channel](#) in good faith, including providing truthful information and not pursuing claims to harass or threaten the other party
- Complying with all Program rules

WHO IS COVERED

Applicants

All applicants must agree to participate in [Solution Channel](#) as a condition of being considered for employment at Charter. Applicants offered employment will be required to participate in [Solution Channel](#) throughout and following their employment with Charter.

Current Employees

Current employees at the effective date of [Solution Channel](#) will be enrolled in the Program, unless the employee opts out. Employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement or other employment agreement are excluded from [Solution Channel](#) (although nothing in this document shall limit the applicability of any arbitration or other dispute resolution provision contained in those agreements).

Former Employees

Former employees who did not opt out of [Solution Channel](#) will remain enrolled in the Program.

Charter

Charter and its affiliates and subsidiaries are enrolled in [Solution Channel](#).

COVERED AND EXCLUDED CLAIMS

All disputes, claims, and controversies that could be asserted in court or before an administrative agency or for which you or Charter have an alleged cause of action related to pre-employment, employment, employment termination or post-employment-related claims, whether the claims are denominated as tort, contract, common law, or statutory claims (whether under local, state or federal law), are covered by and must be resolved through [Solution Channel](#), unless expressly excluded below.

Employee claims that are covered by and must be resolved through [Solution Channel](#) include without limitation, claims for:

- Unlawful termination, failure to hire or failure to promote
- Unlawful discrimination, harassment or retaliation (including such claims based upon race, color, national origin, sex, pregnancy, age, religion, sexual orientation, disability, and any other prohibited grounds)
- Wage and hour-based claims, including claims for unpaid wages, commissions, or other compensation or penalties (including meal and rest break claims, claims for inaccurate wage statements, claims for reimbursement of expenses)
- Claims arising under the Family Medical Leave Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act and/or similar state laws (including unlawful denial of or interference with a leave of absence, claims for unlawful denial of accommodation or failure to engage in the interactive process)
- Claims arising under whistleblower laws or for violations of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- Claims for violations of the Occupational Safety and Health Act or other safety or occupational health laws, whether arising before, during or after the termination of employment
- Claims related to background checks and any and all other pre-employment and employment checks, including any claims brought under the Fair Credit Reporting Act and/or similar federal, state or local statutes or ordinances

The following Charter claims are covered and must be resolved through [Solution Channel](#):

- Collection of overpaid wages and commissions
- Recovery of reimbursed tuition
- Recovery of relocation reimbursement
- Damage to or loss of Charter property
- Recovery of unauthorized charges on Company credit card

No covered claims between a person enrolled in [Solution Channel](#) and Charter, may be pursued in a court. All covered claims may only be pursued on an individual basis. Individuals participating in this Program waive their right to bring a covered claim in court and on behalf of a group or class of individuals.

In the event a dispute between you and Charter is not arbitrable under [Solution Channel](#) for any reason and is pursued in court, you and Charter agree to waive any right to a jury trial that might otherwise exist.

The following employee claims are **excluded** from and will not be resolved through [Solution Channel](#):

- Claims for workers' compensation benefits
- Claims for unemployment compensation benefits
- Claims arising under the National Labor Relations Act
- Claims arising under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, or for breach of employee benefits or welfare plans
- Claims arising under separation or severance agreements or non-compete agreements (unless arbitration is provided for under the terms of the agreement)
- Claims for violations of the Health Information Portability and Accountability Act
- Claims related to corrective action that do not result in termination of employment
- Claims older than the statute of limitations applicable to such claims
- Claims related to intellectual property

The following Charter claims are **excluded** from and will not be resolved through [Solution Channel](#):

- Claims of theft or embezzlement, or any criminal conduct
- Claims related to intellectual property
- Claims that have already been filed in federal or state court at the time of the effective date of the Mutual Arbitration Agreement, provided that such claims were not previously subject to any arbitration agreement
- Claims covered by a collective bargaining agreement, a severance agreement, a non-compete agreement, or a written employment contract (although nothing in this document shall limit the applicability of any arbitration or other dispute resolution provision contained in those agreements)
- Claims for injunctive or other equitable relief related to unfair competition and the taking, use or unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets or confidential information

HOW TO SUBMIT A CLAIM

If you are unable to informally resolve your employment-related legal concern to your satisfaction, you may submit a covered claim by following these steps:

Solution Channel Website

- Access the [Solution Channel](http://www.CharterSolutionChannel.com) website at www.CharterSolutionChannel.com from any computer or mobile device.
- Register so that you can obtain login credentials to access the claims submission web page.
- Login credentials will be emailed to you.

Completing the Claim Form

- Log in at the [Solution Channel](http://www.CharterSolutionChannel.com) website, and you will be directed to the [Solution Channel](http://www.CharterSolutionChannel.com) claim portal.
- Click Start.
- Complete the claim form accurately and completely. In the form, you will describe the nature of your claim, the basis for your claim, and the remedy you are seeking.
- Save any information you wish to include in the claim form before exiting the form.
- You may save information and exit, and then later add additional information by logging into the site and selecting your claim.

Acknowledgment and Submission of the Claim

- When you have completed the form and are ready to submit your claim, you must acknowledge and attest to the accuracy of the information in the form and then click Submit Claim. The date you submit the completed claim form to Charter will determine whether the claim was timely filed.
- You will receive an email confirming receipt of the claim, along with a claim number. You should keep a copy of this information. Charter will also receive an automated notification that your claim has been submitted.
- If you require an accommodation, or are otherwise unable to submit a claim using the portal, you must send your request for assistance by email to Charter at SolutionChannel@charter.com.

DEADLINES AND TIMELINES

- You must submit a covered claim before the end of the statute of limitations applicable to the claim. You have the right to consult with an attorney regarding the applicable statute of limitations or your claim in general.
- Charter will communicate to you whether the claim is arbitrable within **10 days** after the claim is submitted.
- Charter will complete its internal review of an arbitrable claim and issue its determination, within **60 days** after the claim is submitted.
- You must indicate whether you wish to proceed with an arbitration hearing within **15 days** after receiving the determination.
- If you indicate that you wish to proceed with an arbitration hearing, the parties will have **10 days** to select an arbitrator.
- An informal conference with the arbitrator will typically be scheduled for within **10 days** after the arbitrator is selected and confirmed to preside over the matter.
- The parties will have up to **90 days** after the informal conference with the arbitrator, to exchange information or conduct other discovery.
- The arbitration hearing will generally occur within **180 days** after the informal conference with the arbitrator, and will generally last one or two days.
- The parties will be permitted to submit post-hearing briefs to the arbitrator within **45 days** after the arbitration.
- The arbitrator will issue a decision and the matter will be fully resolved, generally no later than one year after the submission of the claim.

It is imperative that you comply with the employee deadlines highlighted above to preserve your rights under [Solution Channel](#). Deadlines will not be postponed or extended absent mutual agreement of the parties or good cause shown by the party requesting postponement.

KEY ELEMENTS OF ARBITRATION

Selecting an Arbitrator

If you are not satisfied with Charter's decision following the internal claim review and decide to proceed with arbitration of your claim, you must notify Charter of your intention to proceed with arbitration.

If you decide to move forward with arbitration, the next step is for the parties to jointly select an arbitrator. Charter will obtain from the AAA a list of five potential arbitrators deemed by AAA to have significant experience arbitrating employment claims.

Charter will email the list to you, and you will have the first opportunity to strike the name of an arbitrator that you do not wish to preside over the arbitration. After you strike a name and communicate your decision to Charter by email, Charter will then have the same opportunity to strike one name from the list and send you an email with Charter's decision. The parties continue to take turns striking names until there is just one arbitrator name left on the list.

The remaining arbitrator on the list will serve as the arbitrator, so long as he or she is available within the timelines required by this Program. Charter will notify AAA of the parties' choice for arbitrator, and will notify you by email when the arbitrator has been confirmed to preside over the claim.

The Initial Conference

After the arbitrator is appointed, an informal telephone conference is held between the arbitrator and both parties and their legal representatives (if applicable). In cooperation with the arbitrator, the parties will identify the steps needed to prepare for the hearing and may set dates for submission of witness lists, exhibits, any briefs, and the hearing. The arbitrator may also discuss the law and burdens of proof that apply and any other issues relating to how the parties will proceed toward and during the arbitration hearing.

Either party may challenge the arbitrability of a claim until the day of the initial conference with the arbitrator.

All decisions or orders of the arbitrator will be documented in a letter or other written format for both parties.

Exchanging Information and Preparing for Hearing

The parties will have 90 days to exchange information and take depositions. Information is generally exchanged through written questions or requests for documents, called interrogatories, requests for production, or third party subpoenas. Each party will be permitted to take up to four (4) depositions and allowed up to 20 total interrogatories (including subparts) and up to 15 total requests for documents to the other party, whether the interrogatories and requests for documents are sent at one time or in increments. Each party will bear the cost of taking depositions, including court reporter and witness fees.

Any disagreements regarding the exchange of information or depositions will be resolved by the arbitrator to allow a full and equal opportunity to all parties to present evidence that the arbitrator deems material and relevant to the resolution of the dispute.

The arbitrator has the discretion to draw an adverse inference against a party who fails to timely cooperate in the exchange of information.

What to Expect During the Hearing

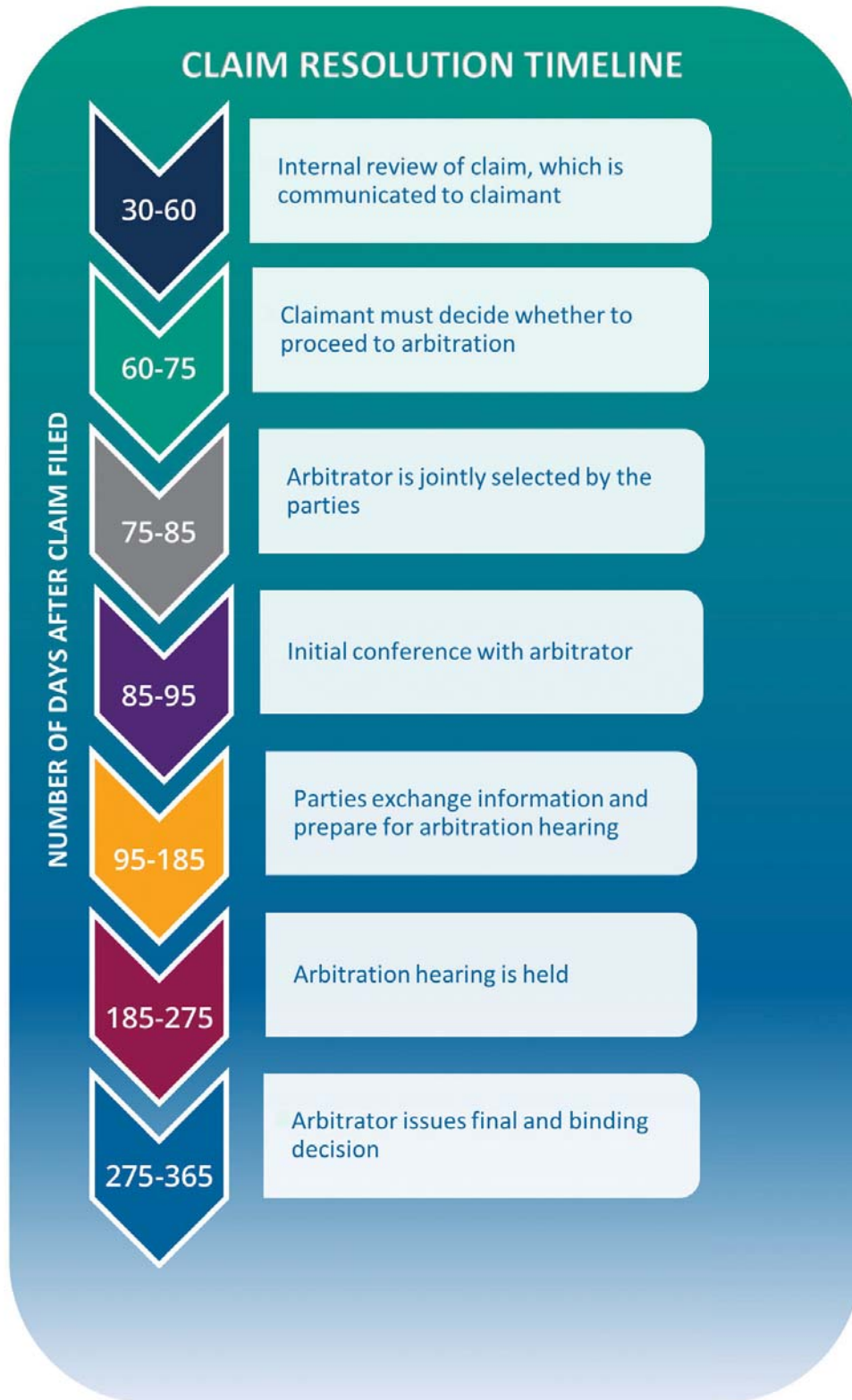
An arbitration hearing is not as formal as a trial. These hearings will be held, at Charter's expense, at a hotel meeting or conference room or similar, neutral location within 100 miles of your last Charter work location, unless another location is mutually agreed upon.

The arbitrator is typically seated between the parties. The parties may call witnesses to testify, and any testifying witness under oath will be seated near the arbitrator. A court reporter will usually be seated near the witness seat to transcribe all testimony and substantive statements of the arbitrator and parties or their representatives.

After the arbitrator makes initial remarks and tells the parties about some ground rules for the arbitration, the arbitrator may allow each party or their legal representative to make an opening statement. These statements are followed by witness testimony, with the claimant calling his or her witnesses first. Witnesses will be subject to direct and cross examination. The parties will bear the same burden of proof and production of evidence regarding the claim as would apply if the claim had been brought in court. At the end of all of the witness testimony, the parties may also have the chance to make closing arguments to the arbitrator.

Following the hearing, the parties will be given the opportunity to submit written, post-hearing briefs to the arbitrator. The arbitrator will issue a written opinion containing the arbitrator's findings, decision and any award. The arbitration decision will be final and binding as to the claim arbitrated by the parties, but will have no binding effect in any other proceeding.

When Will a Claim Be Resolved?



Key Terms to Know and Understand

Because [Solution Channel](#) is the process utilized at Charter to resolve most legal disputes related to employment, it is important to know and understand the meaning of terms associated with and used to explain [Solution Channel](#). Following is an alphabetized glossary of key terms and how they are defined for purposes of [Solution Channel](#).

American Arbitration Association – Founded in 1926, the American Arbitration Association (AAA) is a non-profit public service organization dedicated to the resolution of disputes through alternative procedures. AAA will preside over disputes that proceed to arbitration through [Solution Channel](#).

Arbitration – A hearing or other proceeding where a legal dispute between Charter and a current employee, former employee, or applicant for employment is formally presented to a neutral third party for final and binding resolution. During arbitration, the parties (claimant and respondent) are also permitted to present evidence that supports their position.

Arbitrator – A neutral and objective third party jointly selected by the claimant and respondent involved in a legal dispute. The arbitrator acts as an impartial judge in that he or she examines and weighs the value and credibility of evidence presented during arbitration, reviews and analyzes the applicable laws, and reaches a final and binding decision that resolves the dispute.

Brief – A written explanation of a party's position and arguments in a legal dispute. Both the claimant and respondent are generally given the opportunity to submit a brief to the arbitrator. Depending upon the nature of the dispute, the arbitrator may request that the parties submit a pre-hearing brief and/or a post-hearing brief.

Claim – A legal demand made by a person or party seeking monetary or non-monetary compensation or another remedy for a loss suffered as the result of a legal dispute. Through [Solution Channel](#), a current employee, former employee, or applicant for employment can resolve eligible employment-related claims asserted against Charter. Similarly, [Solution Channel](#) is the means by which Charter will resolve qualifying employment-related claims it may assert against a current or former employee. [Solution Channel](#) does not allow claims to be brought by a group or class of current employees, former employees, or applicants for employment. Under [Solution Channel](#), claims can only be brought by or on behalf of an individual, or by or on behalf of Charter.

Claimant – The person or party that initiates a claim. A claim may be brought by a current employee, a former employee, an applicant for employment, or Charter.

Claim Form – The official statement and description of a claim asserted by a person or party.

Decision – A written summary and analysis prepared by the arbitrator following an arbitration proceeding. The decision typically includes factual findings, an overview of the applicable laws, the arbitrator’s final and binding decision, the rationale for the decision, and any monetary or nonmonetary remedy awarded to the claimant.

Discovery – The period during which the claimant and respondent exchange documents and other evidence related to the claim. Discovery may be in written form, the deposition testimony of a witness, or other tangible things such as audio recordings, video recordings, pictures, and/or social media postings.

Dispute – A disagreement of a legal nature between Charter and a current employee, a former employee, or an applicant for employment. **Solution Channel** is the mechanism for resolving covered employment-related disputes.

Evidence – Documents, testimony, written statements, and other tangible items that prove or disprove facts relating to a claim.

Final and Binding – A term used to describe a decision of the arbitrator that generally cannot be appealed to any other person or body and is enforceable like a court ruling or judgment.

Legal Representative – An attorney authorized to act on behalf of Charter or a claimant during the arbitration process. You may involve a legal representative, but this is not required. Each party bears the cost of an attorney, unless the arbitrator orders otherwise.

Remedy – The relief or damages awarded by an arbitrator to the claimant if the arbitrator finds in favor of the claimant. The type of relief will vary, based on the nature of the claim, but will be limited to the form of relief that would be available in court or through an administrative agency.

Respondent – The party who is defending a claim.

Statute of Limitations – The period of time during which the law allows an individual or entity to pursue a particular type of claim. If an individual or entity files a claim beyond this period of time, the claim will not be covered by **Solution Channel** and the claimant will be notified that the claim has been closed. For example, if the statute of limitations for filing a claim to collect a debt is two years, then the claim must be filed no later than two years after the debt was first owed, otherwise, the statute of limitations has run and the claim will be closed. Also, to be timely, any claim that must be filed with an administrative agency or body as a precondition or prerequisite to filing the claim in court, must be filed with **Solution Channel** within the time period by which the charge, complaint or other similar document would have had to be filed with the agency or other administrative body. If you file a charge or complaint with an administrative agency or body, any participation by Charter in the proceeding shall not be deemed a waiver of your obligation to arbitrate your claims pursuant to this Agreement. By participating in this Program, you waive any argument that Charter's participation in such a proceeding acts as a waiver or modification of the parties' agreement to arbitrate. If an aggrieved party pursues an administrative charge or complaint and files a timely complaint with **Solution Channel**, the arbitration shall proceed as quickly as possible under these Guidelines.

Testimony – Oral statements made under oath and transcribed by a court reporter, at either a deposition or an arbitration.

Waiver – An agreement to give up a right in exchange for receiving a benefit.

